

1)

$$G(n) = C(nI - A)^{-1}B$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \left(\begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \right)^{-1} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$nI - A = \begin{bmatrix} n+5 & 1 \\ -3 & n+1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(nI - A) = (n+5)(n+1) + 3 = n^2 + 6n + 8$$

$$\text{adj}(nI - A) = \begin{bmatrix} n+1 & -1 \\ 3 & n+5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C \text{adj}(nI - A) \cdot B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} n+1 & -1 \\ 3 & n+5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} n \\ n+3 \end{bmatrix} = 3n + 16$$

$$G(n) = \frac{C \text{adj}(nI - A) \cdot B}{\det(nI - A)} = \frac{3n + 16}{n^2 + 6n + 8}$$

2)

$$\ddot{y} + 9\dot{y} + 26y = 24\mu$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 &= y \\ \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \dot{x}_3 + 9x_3 + 26x_2 + 24x_1 = 24\mu \\ x_2 = \dot{x}_1 \\ x_3 = \dot{x}_2 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -24 & -26 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 24 \end{bmatrix} \mu$$

$$x_1 = y \Rightarrow y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[Z] = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} [x]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{z}_1 \\ \dot{z}_2 \\ \dot{z}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} A \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \\ z_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 24 \end{bmatrix} \mu$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \\ z_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{z}_1 \\ \dot{z}_2 \\ \dot{z}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/3 \\ -36 & -78 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \\ z_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 72 \end{bmatrix} \mu$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} [Z]$$

$$c) \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -24 & -26 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 24 \end{bmatrix} \mu \quad \text{Dinamico modelo}$$

$$x_1 = y \Rightarrow y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{no modelo a medida}$$

di Matriz de Z...

$$P3.) \quad \frac{2}{(n-1)(n+2)} - (n+3)$$

$$n^2 + 3n + 2$$

$$\ddot{y} + 3\dot{y} + 2y = 2\mu$$

$$x_1 = y$$

$$x_2 = \dot{y} = \dot{x}_1$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_2 + 3x_2 + 2x_1 = 2\mu \\ x_2 = \dot{x}_1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \mu$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P4) \quad \ddot{y} + 4\dot{y} + 5y = \ddot{u} + 3\dot{u} + 2u$$

$$\ddot{x}_3 + 4x_3 + 5x_2 = 1$$

$$y = x_1$$

$$\dot{y} = \dot{x}_1 = \dot{x}_2$$

$$\ddot{y} = \ddot{x}_1 = \ddot{x}_2$$

$$x_2 = \dot{x}_1$$

$$x_3 = \dot{x}_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -5 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \mu$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

agora colocar o $\ddot{u} + 3\dot{u} + 2u$

$$y = 2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3$$

$$y = 2y + 3\dot{y} + \ddot{y}$$

$$P5) \quad n^4 + 9n^3 + 25n^2 + 26n + 1$$

$$\ddot{y} + 9\ddot{y} + 25\dot{y} + 26y = 1$$

$$y = x_1$$

$$\dot{y} = \dot{x}_1 = x_2$$

$$\ddot{y} = \ddot{x}_1 = x_3$$

$$\ddot{y} = \ddot{x}_3 = x_4$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \\ \dot{x}_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -9 & 0 & -25 & -26 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \mu$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P6) \quad (\lambda I - A) = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & \lambda+3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C \operatorname{adj}(\lambda I - A) B = 10 \lambda^2 + 30 \lambda + 20$$

$$\det(\lambda I - A) = \lambda^3 + 3\lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 1$$

$$\operatorname{adj}(\lambda I - A) = \det(A) \cdot A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda^2 + 3\lambda + 2 & \lambda + 3 & 1 \\ -1 & \lambda^2 + 3\lambda & \lambda \\ -\lambda & -2\lambda - 1 & \lambda^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G(\lambda) = \frac{10\lambda^2 + 30\lambda + 20}{\lambda^3 + 3\lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 1} = \frac{10(\lambda^2 + 3\lambda + 2)}{\lambda^3 + 3\lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 1}$$

$$P7) \quad \begin{cases} x_2 = \frac{1}{\lambda+1} \cdot \mu \\ x_1 = \frac{\alpha}{\lambda} x_2 \\ y = x_2 + x_1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \alpha \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \mu \quad \begin{aligned} x_2(\lambda+1) &= 1 \\ \dot{x}_2 &= 1 - x_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P8) \quad (\lambda I - A) = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & -1 \\ \alpha & \lambda - 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(\lambda I - A) = \lambda^2 - \lambda - \alpha$$

$$\operatorname{adj}(\lambda I - A) = \det(\lambda I - A) (\lambda I - A)^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda - 1 & 1 \\ -\alpha & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \quad G(\lambda) = \frac{\det(\lambda I - A)}{C \operatorname{adj}(\lambda I - A) B} = \frac{\beta(1 + \lambda\gamma)}{\lambda^2 - \lambda - \alpha}$$

$$C \operatorname{adj}(\lambda I - A) B = \beta + \beta \lambda \gamma$$

$$P9) \quad x_2 = \frac{\alpha-1}{\lambda+1} \mu \Rightarrow x_2 \lambda + x_2 = (\alpha-1) \mu$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}_2 &= (\alpha-1) \mu - x_2 \\ \dot{x}_1 &= \mu + x_2 \end{aligned} \quad \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \alpha-1 \end{bmatrix} \mu$$

$$x_1 = \frac{1}{\lambda} \left(\mu \frac{\alpha-1}{\lambda+1} + \mu \right) \Leftrightarrow \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{Y}{U} = \frac{1}{\lambda} \left(\frac{\alpha-1+\lambda+1}{\lambda+1} \right) = \frac{\alpha+\lambda}{\lambda(\lambda+1)}$$

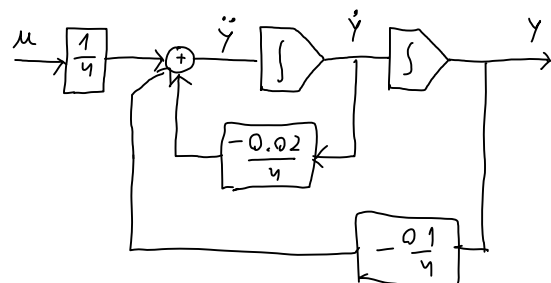
P10)

$$\begin{cases} \mu \cdot \frac{\alpha-1}{\lambda+1} = x_2 \\ \dot{x}_1 = x_2 \end{cases} \quad \begin{aligned} \mu \cdot (\alpha-1) - x_2 &= \dot{x}_2 \\ \Leftrightarrow \dot{x}_1 &= x_2 \end{aligned} \quad \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \alpha-1 \end{bmatrix} \mu$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P11) \quad 4\ddot{y} = -0.1y - 0.02\dot{y} + \mu$$

$$\ddot{y} = \frac{\mu}{4} - \frac{0.02}{4}\dot{y} - \frac{0.1}{4}y$$



$$P12) \quad y(0) = y(1) = 1$$

$$k=2 \quad - \quad y(2) = y(1) + y(0) = 2$$

$$k=3 \quad - \quad y(3) = y(2) + y(1) = 3$$

$$k=4 \quad - \quad y(4) = y(3) + y(2) = 5$$

$$k=5 \quad - \quad y(5) = y(4) + y(3) = 8$$

$$k=6 \quad - \quad y(6) = y(5) + y(4) = 13$$

$$P13) \quad 1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1} + z^{-2} = 2z^{-10} + z^{-11}$$

$$\hookrightarrow z^{11} - \frac{1}{2}z^{10} + z^9 = 2z + 1$$

$$\frac{2z+1}{z^{11} - \frac{1}{2}z^{10} + z^9}$$